## § 1.871-15

1(b)(2)(iv)(A) or (E) to a registered owner at an address outside the United States, provided that the registered owner is a financial institution described in section 871(h)(5)(B). In that case, the U.S. person otherwise required to deduct and withhold tax may treat the interest as portfolio interest if it does not have actual knowledge that the beneficial owner is a United States person and if it receives the certificate described in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section from a financial institution or member of a clearing organization, which member is the beneficial owner of the obligation, or the documentary evidence or statement described in paragraph (e)(3)(ii) of this section from the beneficial owner, in accordance with the procedures described in paragraph (e)(4) of this section.

- (2) through (i)(2) [Reserved] For further guidance, see 1.871-14(e)(2) through (i)(2).
- (3) Effective/applicability date. The rules of paragraphs (b)(2), (c)(3)(i), and (c)(4) of this section apply to payments of interest made after June 30, 2014. (For payments of interest made before July 1, 2014, see paragraphs (b)(2), (c)(3)(i), and (c)(4) of this section as in effect prior to February 28, 2017.)
- (j) Expiration date. The applicability of this section expires on or before February 28, 2017.

[T.D. 9658, 79 FR 12746, Mar. 6, 2014]

## § 1.871-15 Treatment of dividend equivalents.

- (a) through (c) [Reserved]
- (d) Specified NPCs—(1) Specified NPCs before January 1, 2016. For payments made after March 18, 2012, and before January 1, 2016, a specified NPC is any NPC if—
- (i) In connection with entering into the contract, any long party to the contract transfers the underlying security to any short party to the contract;
- (ii) In connection with the termination of the contract, any short party to the contract transfers the underlying security to any long party to the contract;
- (iii) The underlying security is not readily tradable on an established securities market; or

- (iv) In connection with entering into the contract, the underlying security is posted as collateral by any short party to the contract with any long party to the contract.
  - (d)(2) through (n) [Reserved]
- (o) Effective/applicability date. This section applies to payments made on or after January 23, 2012.

[T.D. 9648, 78 FR 73080, Dec. 5, 2013]

## § 1.872-1 Gross income of nonresident alien individuals.

- (a) In general—(1) Inclusions. The gross income of a nonresident alien individual for any taxable year includes only (i) the gross income which is derived from sources within the United States and which is not effectively connected for the taxable year with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by that individual and (ii) the gross income, irrespective of whether such income is derived from sources within or without the United States, which is effectively connected for the taxable year with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by that individual. For the determination of the sources of income, see sections 861 through 863 and the regulations thereunder. For the determination of whether income from sources within or without the United States is effectively connected for the taxable year with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States, see sections 864(c) and 871 (c) and (d), §§ 1.864-3 through 1.864-7, and §§ 1.871-9 and 1.871-10. For special rules for determining the income of an alien individual who changes his residence during the taxable year, see §1.871-13.
- (2) Exchange transactions. Even though a nonresident alien individual who effects certain transactions in the United States in stocks, securities, or commodities during the taxable year may not, by reason of section 864(b)(2) and paragraph (c) or (d) of §1.864-2, be engaged in trade or business in the United States during the taxable year through the effecting of such transactions, nevertheless he shall be required to include in gross income for the taxable year the gains and profits from those transactions to the extent required by §1.871-7 or §1.871-8.

- (3) Exclusions. For exclusions from gross income, see §1.872-2.
- (b) Individuals not engaged in U.S. business. In the case of a nonresident alien individual who at no time during the taxable year is engaged in trade or business in the United States, the gross income shall include only (1) the gross income from sources within the United States which is described in section 871(a) and paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of §1.871-7, and (2) the gross income from sources within the United States which, by reason of section 871 (c) or (d) and §1.871-9 or §1.871-10, is treated as effectively connected for the taxable year with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by that individual.
- (c) Individuals engaged in U.S. business. In the case of a nonresident alien individual who is engaged in trade or business in the United States at any time during the taxable year, the gross income shall include (1) the gross income from sources within and without the United States which is effectively connected for the taxable year with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by that individual, (2) the gross income from sources within the United States which, by reason of the election provided in section 871(d) and \$1.871-10, is treated as effectively connected for the taxable year with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by that individual, and (3) the gross income from sources within the United States which is described in section 871(a) and paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of §1.871-7 and is not effectively connected for the taxable year with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by that individual.
- (d) Special rules applicable to certain expatriates. For special rules for determining the gross income of a non-resident alien individual who has lost U.S. citizenship with a principal purpose of avoiding certain taxes, see section 877(b)(1).
- (e) Alien resident of Puerto Rico. This section shall not apply in the case of a nonresident alien individual who is a bona fide resident of Puerto Rico during the entire taxable year. See section 876 and §1.876–1.
- (f) Effective date. This section shall apply for taxable years beginning after

December 31, 1966. For corresponding rules applicable to taxable years beginning before January 1, 1967, see 26 CFR 1.872–1 (Revised as of January 1, 1971).

[T.D. 6500, 25 FR 11910, Nov. 26, 1960, as amended by T.D. 7332, 39 FR 44228, Dec. 23, 1974]

## § 1.872-2 Exclusions from gross income of nonresident alien individuals.

- (a) Earnings of foreign ships or aircraft—(1) Basic rule. So much of the income from sources within the United States of a nonresident alien individual as consists of earnings derived from the operation of a ship or ships documented, or of aircraft registered, under the laws of a foreign country which grants an equivalent exemption to citizens of the United States nonresident in that foreign country and to corporations organized in the United States shall not be included in gross income.
- (2) Equivalent exemption—(i) Ships. A foreign country which either imposes no income tax, or, in imposing an income tax, exempts from taxation so much of the income of a citizen of the U.S. nonresident in that foreign country and of a corporation organized in the United States as consists of earnings derived from the operation of a ship or ships documented under the laws of the United States is considered as granting an equivalent exemption for purposes of the exclusion from gross income of the earnings of a foreign ship or ships.
- (ii) Aircraft. A foreign country which either imposes no income tax, or, in imposing an income tax, exempts from taxation so much of the income of a citizen of the U.S. nonresident in that foreign country and of a corporation organized in the United States as consists of earnings derived from the operation of aircraft registered under the laws of the United States is considered as granting an equivalent exemption for purposes of the exclusion from gross income of the earnings of foreign aircraft.
- (3) Definition of earnings. For purposes of subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph, compensation for personal services performed by an individual